

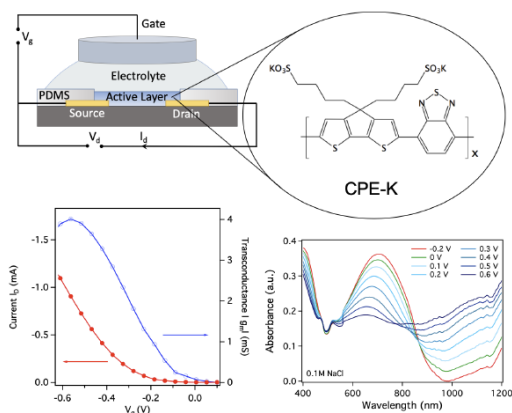
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# Self-doped Conjugated Polyelectrolytes for Organic Electrochemical Transistors

Thuc-Quyen Nguyen

Center for Polymers and Organic Solids, Department of Chemistry & Biochemistry, University of California, Santa Barbara, USA  
Author e-mail address: [quyen@chem.ucsb.edu](mailto:quyen@chem.ucsb.edu)

Organic electrochemical transistors (OECTs) have been demonstrated in a wide range of applications such as analyte detection, neural interfacing, impedance sensing and neuromorphic computing. Majority of OECTs use PEDOT:PSS; however, its complex macromolecular structure makes it unable to act as a model material for studying chemical structure - device performance relationships. Other materials should be explored to improve the performance of OECTs. Conjugated polyelectrolytes (CPEs) represent a promising and unique class of materials which are characterized by their conjugated carbon backbone and pendant ionic chains. CPEs have been used in DNA-detection, thermoelectric devices, dye-sensitized solar cells, and as interlayers in organic light-emitting diodes (OLEDs), organic field-effect transistors (OFETs), and organic photovoltaics (OPVs).<sup>[1-5]</sup> Their electronic and ionic conductivity makes them an ideal candidate for OECT applications. In this talk, I will discuss the development of self-doped conjugated polyelectrolytes (CPEs) as semiconductors for OECTs.<sup>[6,7]</sup> Anionic CPEs are used as mixed conductor materials for OECTs to replace PEDOT:PSS. CPE-based OECTs operate in the accumulation mode, which allows for much lower energy consumption in comparison to commonly used depletion mode PEDOT:PSS devices. The physical and electrical properties of CPE-K have been fully characterized to allow a direct comparison to other top performing OECT materials. CPE-K demonstrates an electrical performance that is among the best that have been reported in the literature for OECT materials.



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